

Palawan State University

Tiniguiban Heights, Puerto Princesa 5300, Palawan, Philippines

A GOVERNMENT FUNDED UNIVERSITY



Location of Philippines

Name	Palawan State University		
Address	Tiniguiban Heights, Puerto Princesa 5300, Palawan, Philippines		
Program	Pre-Medicine followed by Medicine		
Duration	4 years and 8 months (after class 12)		
Admission	Year round - rolling		
Session	Begins From August to November for International Students		
Medium	English is the Medium of Instruction		
To Apply	Send scanned copy of Class 10th Mark-sheet Class 12th Mark-sheet (Can be sent later) Passport (if you have it - else apply for passport)		

Dear Parents and Students

It gives us great pleasure to introduce you to The Philippines which is ranked amongst the top English Medium Education Destinations in the World.

Advantages of Education in the Philippines

- Education facilities are Excellent and of HIGH Quality
- Many US educated professionals are Teachers and Administrators in Philippines
- USA / American pattern of Education is followed
- English is the Official Language of the Philippines 100% English Medium
- Low fees 50% lower than fees in Private Colleges in India
- ▶ USMLE Part I & II can be done in Philippines & students can go to USA thereafter
- Easily accessible from India with several daily flights to Philippines
- Tropical Diseases similar to India great for clinical training
- Indian food available
- Education gateway to countries like USA & UK
- Philippines has educated & sent 2nd largest number of foreign Doctors to USA
- Philippines has trained and sent the largest number of Nurses to USA & Canada
- Over 20,000 foreign students are enrolled in The Philippines

Opportunities For Global Growth

- Opportunities to secure employment and residency in developed countries
- Education gateway to countries like the United States of America

Introduction: Philippines is located in Southeast Asia. Nearby countries are Taiwan, Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia. It comprise of over 7000 islands. The main islands are Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao. Philippines is the world's 12th most populous country with a population of 92 million. The Capital is Manila; a mega city with over 20 million population. Multiple ethnicities and cultures are found through the islands. Cultural influences are from Spain, US, Hindu & Islam. It is thought that The Philippines was part of the Hindu Java Kingdom in 13th Century. 14th century Islam came. From 15th to 18th century it was ruled by Spain & Catholics; followed by America in 19-20th Century, with a brief period of Japanese occupation in World War II. The dominant religion is Catholic Christianity with 93% of the country following it. A Hindu temple / gurudwara is located in UN Avenue in Manila. The Embassy of India is located in Manila.

Weather: Summer is from March to May. Monsoon is from June to October. November to February is cool with fair weather. Average day temperature, is 22.2 C to 31.6 C with humidity at 77 percent.

Transport: Manila International Airport has several international flights from many countries. It is the gateway of international flights to Philippines. In Manila Buses, Jeepneys, LRT, and taxis are readily available in getting around the city.



Palawan State University was established in 1965 as Palawan Teachers College and began functioning from 1972. It became a full fledged University in 1992.

- > The Institution will be celebrating its 50th Anniversary in 2015.
- > Commissioner of CHED is head of the Board of Governors of Palawan State University.
- > It is funded by the Government of Palawan Province and the Govt. of Philippines

It has grown from a College to a University. It has 17 campuses and extensions in the province of Palawan with over 25,000 enrolled students and over 2000 teachers.

The PALAWAN STATE UNIVERSITY is the first State University in Palawan. It traces its humble beginnings to the teacher training institution established in 1965 as Palawan Teacher's College. Then Congressman Gaudencio Abordo sponsored the bill establishing the College at the then municipality of Puerto Princesa which was signed into law on 19th June 1965 by then President Diosdado Macapagal and yt became operational from 2nd March 1972 with a resolution passed by its Board of Trustees convened by Atty. Teodoro Pena Walfrido Pnce de Leon, first President.

In 1984, then Minister of Natural Resources Teodoro Peña sponsored the transition of Palawan Teacher's College to Palawan State College allowing the University to offer courses in Sciences, Technology and Arts.

In 1991 to 2011, Dr. Teresita Salva was its fourth President, with the institution championing the cause of being the "Place for Social Change." PSU established its law school, supervised by it first dean, Atty. Teodoro Peña.

In November 12, 1994, under the stewardship of PSU's fifth president Dr. Crispiniano Acosta, Palawan State College was elevated into a University by virtue of R.A. 7818, sponsored by congressman Alfredo Abueg, Jr. and David Ponce de Leon.

PSU in 1995 offered 11 new academic programs Bachelor of Science in Tourism, Marine Biology, Environmental Science, Computer Science, Agri-Business, Hotel and Restaurant Management, four diploma courses, and the first Petroleum Engineering course in the Philippines.

Presently, PSU is under the stewardship of its President Dr. Jeter S. Sespene.



PSU has two major campuses: the Manalo Campus, where the Laboratory Elementary School, Graduate School and School of Law are, and the Main Campus in Tiniguiban Heights, which houses the administration building, the Colleges of Science, College of Nursing, College of Marine Biology, College of Tourism etc, the Laboratory High School, and the physical plant offices. There are 17 rural and extension campus which offer a number of extramural studies and programs in Palawan State University's College of Community Resources and Development (CCRD) at: Rizal, Narra, Quezon, Araceli, Brooke's Point, San Vicente, Cuyo, Coron, Balabac, Roxas, Taytay, El Nido, Linapacan, San Rafael, Sofronio Española, Dumaran and Bataraza.





Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program

In response to the call of time, Palawan State University opened another avenue of learning for non-degree holders currently working in the different offices and industries who may want to finish their degrees without moving out of their work area.

During the 365th meeting of the Board of the Commission on Higher Education held last December 13, 2010, in Manila through CEB Resolution No. 328-2010, the commission approved the University's application for the deputation to offer Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and Bachelor of Science in Petroleum Engineering effective January 2011 until January 2016 via Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program (ETEEAP), a comprehensive educational assessment program which recognizes knowledge, skills, attitudes and values obtained by individuals from formal, non-formal and informal education and training and related work experiences.

The following Colleges are under Palawan State University

- ✤ College of Teacher Education
- ✤ College of Arts and Humanities
- ✤ College of Business and Accountancy
- ✤ College of Engineering, Architecture and Technology
- ✤ College of Petroleum Engineering
- College of Sciences
- ✤ School of Law
- ✤ College of Nursing and Health Sciences
- ✤ College of Hospitality Management and Tourism
- ✤ College of Community Resources and Development-North
- ✤ College of Community Resources and Development-South
- ✤ College of Criminal Justice Education
- School of Medical Sciences

The following Graduate Courses are offered by Palawan State University

- Master of Arts in Education (School Leadership and Instruction, Mathematics, Social Science, Guidance and Counseling, Physical Education)
- Master of Arts in Teaching (General Science, Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Language Studies (English and Filipino Streams)
- ➤ Master of Education (non-thesis)
- ▶ Master in Public Administration
- $\blacktriangleright \cdot Master of Business Administration$
- ▶ MS in Environment Education
- ✤ Doctor of Business Administration
- Doctor of Education (Educational Administration)

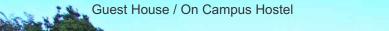
Medical Education - MD and MBBS

Palawan State University is offering pre-medical courses Bachelor of Nursing and Bachelors of Biology for many years. In August 2013, the University signed a Memorandum of Agreement (MoA) with the Government of the Province of Palawan. Under this MoA, Palawan State University will establish a School of Medical Sciences. The Government of the Province of Palawan will fund a City Hospital in the PSU campus. It will sponsor the education of 10,000 students from Palawan Province in PSU.

Consequent to the signing of this MoA with the Provincial Government of Palawan in 2013, the Palawan State University is recruiting students to its pre-medical program for the session commencing 2014. After successful gradation and equivalency they can enrol in the medical program MD which is equal to MBBS.



Land Area	1	22 Hectares in the Main Campus Tiniguiban Heights
Class rooms	:	¹ / ₂ million+ square feet of built up area to house various colleges, library, offices etc 10,000+ students currently enrolled in the main Campus
Sport facility	:	Football, basketball and several other sports available on campus. Indoor and outdoor
Laboratory	:	Well equipped laboratories for students available on campus
Hostel on Campus	:	40 bed air condition guest house 100 bed hostel under construction by August 2014 Provision for expansion up to 300 beds
Hostel Off Campus	:	Students can stay off campus on hostels / flats and commute to campus

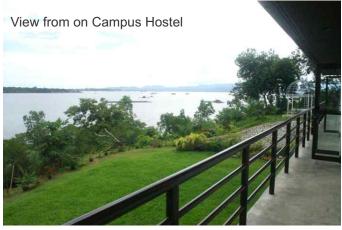


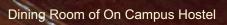


Existing 40 bed hostel & guest house located within the Campus. New hostel of 100 beds; with provision to be increased to 300 beds under construction. Expected to be completed by August 2014









Canteen



Canteens available on campus













Training Hospitals and Internships:

There are three major hospitals in Puerto Princesa City, Palawan. Palawan State University has agreements with all three for clerkship, rotating internship and training Students of the College of Nursing are training in these hospitals as part of their curriculum. There are over 750 beds in these hospitals. There is a steady flow of patients to the Government Hospital in Puerto Princesa city providing an excellent training ground for students studying MD or MBBS. A fourth Hospital funded by the Provincial Government of Palawan is under design adjacent to the Campus of the Palawan State University. There is a fully equipped Medical Laboratory in Palawan State University.





Knowledge Development Centre in association with the World Bank:

PSU is one of the three state Universities as an a Knowledge Development Centre in Association with the World Bank which provides the public access to documents.

E-Library Project:

PSU is a regional learning centre for UP-DOST Open University, The National Library of the Philippines, The University of Philippines, The Dept. of Science & Technology, the Department of Agriculture and the Commission of Higher Education (CHED) have chosen Palawan State University for their e-library Project.

Quality of Education:

The quality of education in Palawan State University is very high. The highest in the Palawan region and one of the highest in the Philippines. This is attested to by the high passing rates of its students in the board & professional examinations.

Comparison of MBBS in Philippines with other Countries Philippines China, Russia, Ukraine etc

PHILIPPINES

PHILIPPINES	CHINA / RUSSIA / UKRAINE ETC
1. ENGLISH ADVANTAGE: Biggest advantage of Philippine is English. Just as Indians are educated in English as India was a colony of UK; Philippines-was a US colony. English is an official language in Philippines. School is in English from class 1 – like in India	1. Local Language is not English: Students from India going to China, Russia, Ukraine, Armenia, Georgia and other non English speaking countries need to learn the local language in order to talk to patients & locals.
 a/ No new language needed to be learnt. b/ Time is spent on medical education and not on language: Better Education!! c/ 94% of population speaks English. Students converse with patients fluently – unlike in non English speaking countries. Better learning for students. d/ Teachers speak good English and can explain well to Students – no problems. 	 a/ Need to pass a competency test in the local language – Chinese or Russian b/ Time spent in study of local language c/ Difficult to understand what patients say. Improper learning. d/ Teachers know Chinese or Russian. They are NOT fluent in English & cannot explain subject properly to the students. Many student complaints on this issue.
 2. US & International Job Advantage: Philippines: Largest supplier of trained nurses & Doctors to USA & several other countries. a/ Strong culture of giving USMLE & going to the US for job. Universities are listed in California Board of Medicine for licensing. Advantage to Philippines. b/ Alumni work in USA, UK, Canada, Australia, Singapore, Gulf etc. Good for networking and linkages for jobs. 	 2. Little International Exposure a/ There is no culture of going overseas for jobs in China, Russia or Ukraine. b/ Few students from these Countries go overseas for medical jobs – no strong alumni base or linkages
 3. Superior Quality Education: a/ Teachers are all fluent in English b/ Some Teachers are US educated and can offer guidance and advise on overseas careers. c/ High standard of education compared to non English countries. 	 3. Poor Quality of Education a/ Teachers native language is Chinese or Russian. They teach in badly accented English. b/ Local Teachers are not good guides for overseas careers due to limited exposure. c/ No gearing for USMLE. Standards are lower as compared to Philippines
4.TROPICAL COUNTRY: Philippines a tropical country. a/ Diseases common to India are found in Philippines b/ Ease of Living – similar temperature to India	 4. Temperate countries with snow a/ Students do not get clinical exposure to tropical medicine b/ In winter there is snow fall and the temperature falls to -20 degrees.
5. MANY PATIENTS: During hospital work medical students get exposure to many patients in Philippines.	5. Limited Access to Patients & Language Barrier: Due to custom & language barrier students have limited access to patients.
6. LOW FEES: Fees are low. It takes only 4 years and 8 months to complete. Very affordable Education	6. High Fees: China / Russia is more expensive and take longer to complete from 5 to 6 years so the cost of life is more.
 7. CLINICAL ROTATION IN USA Possible: a/ Clinical rotations in USA are counted in your grade. Exposure from US Hospital helps in jobs in the USA after USMLE. b/ University or Agents help you arrange for clerkship or you can arrange yourself in the USA. 	7. No facility of clinical rotations overseas. Teachers in China, Russia & Ukraine have limited exposure to the USA and cannot guide you in this matter.
8. PUERTO PRINCESA CITY: a/ Cosmopolitan city with modern facilities b/ Students feel at home. Many tourists. Traditionally the locals welcome foreigners. Everyone knows English c/ Getting visa is very easy d/ Food: Many cuisines including Indian is available.	 8. Not in Capital a/ Not easy to travel due to the language barrier in China, Russia or Ukraine. b/ Not all countries have a strong tourism base. c/ Visa issue is more complicated. d/ Indian food is not available.



Contact the Authorized Representative For Admission from India: